

# Wilson Junior High School 

600 South Wilson, El Centro, CA 92243 Phone: (760) 352-5341 Fax: (760) 337-3800 Maria Ambriz, Principal

## 2012-13 School Accountability Report Card

Published January 2014

## Principal's Message

It is the hope of the administration and staff of Wilson Junior High School that you will find this annual report informative, and that it will give you a better understanding of our instructional program and our school. We invite your comments about this report and any comments you may have for better serving our students or informing you of Wilson Junior High School's policies and curriculum. You may call us at (760) 352-5341 if you have any questions or concerns.

## School Mission

The staff of Wilson Junior High School recognizes the transitional nature and the unique intellectual, physical, social, and emotional needs of our students. Our mission is to provide active learning opportunities in a safe environment so that each student is motivated to reach academic excellence. We are dedicated to preparing our students to be life-long learners and productive citizens in a multi-cultural society.

## District \& School Profile

The El Centro Elementary School District is located in Imperial County, and is surrounded by thousands of acres of California's most productive farming land. El Centro Elementary School District is comprised of nine elementary schools and two middle schools, and educates almost 6,000 students in kindergarten through eighth grade per school year. The district is committed to preparing its students for the future and dedicated to excellence in the realm of academics. All programs within the district are founded on the principle that "children come first."

Wilson Junior High School serves students in seventh and eighth grade. During the 2012-13 school year, the school had an enrollment of 689 students including $9 \%$ in special education, 49.8\% qualifying for English Language Learner support, 9\% migrant education, and 76.8\% qualifying for free or reduced price lunch. Wilson Junior High School achieved a 2013 Academic Performance Index (API) score of 831.

## Parent Involvement

Parents are encouraged to get involved in their

| Percentage of Students by <br> Ethnicity/Grade Level <br> 2012-13 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Ethnic Group | $\%$ | Grade Level | \# |
| African American | $1.6 \%$ | Kindergarten |  |
| American Indian or |  | Grade 1 |  |
| Alaskan Native | $0.3 \%$ | Grade 2 |  |
| Asian | $1.3 \%$ | Grade 3 |  |
| Filipino | $0.4 \%$ | Grade 4 |  |
| Hawaiian or Pacific |  | Grade 5 |  |
| Islander | $0.1 \%$ | Grade 6 |  |
| Hispanic or Latino | $92.3 \%$ | Grade 7 | 337 |
| White (not Hispanic) | $3.2 \%$ | Grade 8 | 352 |
| Two or More Races | $0.4 \%$ | Total |  |
|  |  | Enrollment | 689 | child's learning environment either by volunteering in the classroom, participating in a decision-making group, or attending school events.

Parents stay informed of upcoming events and school activities through student agenda/daily planner, flyers, email, parent conferences, the school marquee, the school website, and TeleParent automated telephone message delivery system. Contact the principal at (760) 3525341 for more information on how to become involved in your child's learning environment.

## E Centro

 Elementary School District 1256 Broadway El Centro, CA 92243 (760) 352-5712 www.ecesd.org
## Board of Trustees

Michael Minnix, President Frances Terrazas, Clerk George McFaddin, Member Charles Fisher, Member Patricia Dunnam, Member

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Lunch on the Lawn
Powder Puff Football Game
Turkey Trot
Winter Mile
Open House
Student Recognition Assemblies

## Curriculum \& Instruction

## School Leadership

The administrative team is comprised of the principal, and assistant principals who work closely with the leadership team, teachers, and school staff. Principal Maria Ambriz is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the school and the overall instructional program. Coordinating efforts with the principal is the Leadership Team, comprised of the principal, assistant principal, and department representatives. The Leadership Team meets monthly throughout the year to discuss instructional strategies, evaluate student assessment data, develop or modify programs to meet students' learning needs, and to steer the school on budgets and programs.

Principal Ambriz has been in the educational field for 16 years and serving Wilson Junior High School for the first year as of 2013-14. Previous positions held in other schools include: teacher, resourse teacher, assistant principal and coordinator. Principal Ambriz holds a bachelor's in Liberal Studies and a masters in Educational Administration.

## Specialized Instruction

All curriculum and instruction is aligned to the California State Content Standards and Frameworks approved by the State Board of Education. The instructional program is structured so that all students receive instruction appropriate to their learning level. Teachers use a variety of research-based instructional strategies and techniques using state-approved instructional materials to ensure academic success.

Students with special gifts and talents need more challenging curriculum and instruction. The Gifted and Talented Education (GATE) program is offered to students in grades 7 and 8 who have been identified as academically gifted through district-administered assessments. Students are clustered by grade level to receive differentiated instruction, and GATE classes contain at least $25 \%$ GATE students in the core subjects of science, language arts, and history. Instruction is provided by teachers who are GATE Certified.

For students whose primary language is not English and who have limited English proficiency, Wilson Junior High School offers programs to help them acquire English as quickly as possible and prepare them to meet the state's academic content standards. English learners receive small group and/or individualized instructional support in the classroom from bilingual aides who collaborate with the student's teacher to provide support in areas of need. Instruction focuses on reinforcement of class lessons, reading intervention, and targeted support in areas of need. Some students receive English Language Development instruction as a supplement to their regular language arts instruction. Students provided ELD instruction take this course in lieu of an elective and receive targeted instruction at their proficiency level. Wilson Junior High School's teachers utilize Language Central series, a stateapproved reading intervention program and textbook adoption. Students are monitored through the CELDT exam given throughout the year, teacher observation and benchmark assessments; results are used to evaluate and adjust individualized learning strategies. English learners are assessed annually using the CELDT exam (California English Language Development Test); results are used to evaluate student progress, intervention programs, and teaching strategies.

Wilson Junior High School's special education program is staffed by special education teachers and instructional aides. Instruction is provided in the least restrictive environment based on each student's Individual Education Plan (IEP). Students have access to a comprehensive curriculum and are mainstreamed into the general education class with in-class support in both small group and individual settings. A portion of instruction may be provided in one of two special day classes. The IEP team meets annually to establish goals and objectives, define academic instruction, evaluate the effectiveness of the student's plan, and make instructional adjustments as necessary. Wilson Junior High School takes advantage of the district's participation in the Imperial County Office of Education's Special Education Local Plan Area (SELPA), which provides a pool of professional resources and expertise in the field of special education.

Wilson Junior High School provides a variety of intervention and remediation programs to support students' efforts to achieve academic success and reach grade level expectations. Using district benchmark assessments, STAR test results and end-of-unit exams, teachers and administrators can identify students who are struggling or performing below state proficiency grade level standards. For those students who need extra help in any subject area, a Problem Solving Team pulls together school and family resources to identify and develop strategies to help students improve academic and/or behavioral performance. Intervention strategies include:

- Linda Mood Bell Instruction
- Math Support Classes
(Successmaker)
- Language Arts Inside Curriculum (National Geographic)
- After School \& Saturday Academies (Language Arts \& Math)

Supplementary instructional materials are purchased as needed to support intervention programs. Classroom teachers monitor student performance on district benchmark assessments and end-of-unit tests to measure ongoing academic progress and adjust instructional needs.

## Enrichment Programs

Wilson Junior High School offers a marching band or orchestra for all students who wish to participate. A Time Warner science project, Connection Million Minds, is offered to all junior high students as well.

## Staff Development

All training and curriculum development activities at Wilson Junior High School revolve around the California State Content Standards and Frameworks.

| Staff Development Days <br> Three-Year Trend <br> 2010-11 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 3 | $2011-12$ |

During the 2012-13 school year, Wilson Junior High School held staff development devoted to:

[^0]Decisions concerning selection of staff development activities are performed by all staff using tools such as teacher input and data analysis to determine the areas in which additional teacher training may enhance classroom instruction and increase student achievement levels. Wilson Junior High School supports ongoing professional growth throughout the year on minimum days and early release days. Teachers meet in both grade level and department level teams to conduct data analysis to identify areas of need.

Wilson Junior High School offers support to new and veteran teachers through peer coaching and mentoring. Instructional aides are provided targeted training focused on teaching strategies and curriculum content. All staff are encouraged to attend professional workshops and conferences. Classified support staff receive job-related training from department supervisors and district representatives.

## Instructional Materials

All textbooks used in the core curriculum at Wilson Junior High School are aligned to the California Content Standards and Frameworks. Instructional materials are selected from the state's most recent list of standards-based materials and adopted by the State Board of Education. The District follows the State Board of Education's six-year adoption cycle for core content materials (English/language arts, math, science, and social science).
On Tuesday, October 8, 2013, the El Centro Elementary School District held a public hearing to certify the extent to which textbooks and instructional materials have been provided to students. The Governing Board adopted Resolution \#100813-1012 which certifies as required by Education Code §60119 (1) that textbooks and instructional materials were provided to all students, including English learners, in the District to the extent that each pupil has a textbook or
instructional materials, or both, to use in class and to take home, and (2) sufficient textbooks and instructional materials were provided to each student, including English learners, that are aligned to the academic content standards and consistent with the cycles and content of the curriculum frameworks in math, science, history-social science, and English/language arts, including the English language development component of an adopted program, and 3) each pupil enrolled in a foreign language has sufficient textbooks or instructional materials that are consistent with the content and cycles of the curriculum frameworks adopted by the State Board for those subjects. In addition to core subject areas, districts are required to disclose in their SARCs the sufficiency of instructional materials used for their visual/performing arts curricula. During the 2013-14 school year, El Centro Elementary School District provided each student, including English learners, enrolled in a visual/performing arts class with a textbook or instructional materials to use in class and to take home. These materials complied with the state's content standards and curriculum frameworks.

## Classroom Environment

## Discipline \& Climate for Learning

Wilson Junior High School's discipline policies are based upon a schoolwide discipline plan, which is used as a guide to develop school rules, develop behavior management programs, promote responsibility, promote respect, and minimize classroom disruptions. Teachers clearly identify and explain behavior expectations to their students and discuss consequences for poor or disruptive behavior in the classroom. Wilson Junior High School

| Textbooks |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year Adopted | From Most Recent State Adoption? | Publisher and Series | Percent of Pupils Who Lack Their Own Assigned Textbooks and/or Instructional Materials | Grade |
| Reading/Language Arts |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 | Yes | Pearson Curriculum: Literature \& Language Central | 0\% | 6-8 |
| Math |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 | Yes | Holt, Rinehart \& Winston: California Mathematics | 0\% | 6-8 |
| Science |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 | Yes | Holt, Rinehart \& Winston: California Science | 0\% | 6-8 |
| Social Science |  |  |  |  |
| 2006 | Yes | McDougal Littell: World History | 0\% | 6-8 |

The textbooks and instructional materials used by the school are selected from the State Board of Education's most recent adoption.
Textbook information was obtained from district office personnel December 2013.
employs a progressive approach in managing students who make poor choices in behavior, do not follow school rules, or are disruptive in the classroom.

| Suspensions and Expulsions |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wilson JH |  |  |
|  | 10-11 | 11-12 | 12-13 |
| Suspensions (\#) | 96 | 199 | 11 |
| Suspensions (\%) | 13.19\% | 27.60\% | 16.55\% |
| Expulsions (\#) | 2 | 5 | 4 |
| Expulsions (\%) | 0.27\% | 0.69\% | 0.58\% |
|  | All Middle Schools |  |  |
|  | 10-11 | 11-12 | 12-13 |
| Suspensions (\#) | 212 | 326 | 167 |
| Suspensions (\%) | 16.61\% | 36.42\% | 15.51\% |
| Expulsions (\#) | 6 | 7 | 4 |
| Expulsions (\%) | 0.47\% | 0.78\% | 0.37\% |
| This table illustrates the total cases (not number of days) of suspensions and expulsions, and includes students with multiple instances of suspension. For example, a student suspended in one month for two days and then suspended a month later for three days is counted as two cases of suspension. |  |  |  |

## Teaching Load Distribution

The Teaching Load Distribution table in this report illustrates the distribution of class sizes by core subject, the average class size, and the number of classes that contain 1-20 students, 21-32 students, and 33 or more students.

| Teaching Load Distribution Departmentalized Instruction 2010-11 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Subject | Average Class Size | Number of Classes |  |  |
|  |  | 1-20 | 21-32 | 33+ |
| English | 49.1 | 1 | 4 | 11 |
| Math | 69 | 0 | 4 | 5 |
| Science | 131.4 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| History | 80.6 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
|  |  | 2011 |  |  |
| English | 25.5 | 13 | 7 | 17 |
| Math | 28.6 | 4 | 10 | 10 |
| Science | 33.7 | 0 | 4 | 16 |
| History | 32.6 | 0 | 9 | 11 |
|  |  | 2012 |  |  |
| English | 26 | 9 | 12 | 11 |
| Math | 27 | 6 | 11 | 7 |
| Science | 32 | 0 | 9 | 11 |
| History | 31 | 1 | 12 | 7 |

## Student Achievement

## Adequate Yearly Progress

The Federal No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB) requires that all students perform at or above the proficient level on the state's standardsbased assessment by the year 2014. Meeting Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) milestones helps determine whether students are reaching proficiency level targets set by NCLB. AYP requires annual evaluation and reporting of the academic progress of all students and defined student subgroups.

For the 2012-13 AYP cycle, elementary and middle schools must achieve a $89.2 \%$ or higher proficiency rate in English/language arts and $89.5 \%$ or higher proficiency rate in math on the California Standards Test (CST). Additional criteria contributing to whether or not a school demonstrates AYP include achieving a $95 \%$ or above participation rate on the CST and obtaining an API growth score of 740 or increasing the API growth by 1 point.
Adequate Yearly Progress
Results Reported by Indicator
and Compared to
District Performance
2012-13

More information on AYP can be found on the California Department of Education's (CDE) website www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/ and the U.S. Department of Education's website www. ed.gov/nclb/accountability/.

## Standardized State Assessments

The Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program consists of several key components, including the California Standards Tests (CSTs), the California Modified Assessment (CMA), and the California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA). The CSTs show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. The CSTs include English/language arts (ELA) and mathematics in grades two through eleven; science in grades five, eight, and nine through eleven; and history-social science in grades eight, and ten through eleven. Student scores are reported as performance levels. Detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the percent of students not tested, can be found on the CDE Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Results Web site at http:// star.cde.ca.gov.

| STAR Results All Students |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percentage of Students Scoring at Proficient and Advanced Levels |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Wilson JH |  |  | ECESD |  |  | CA |  |  |
|  | 10-11 | 11-12 | 12-13 | 10-11 | 11-12 | 12-13 | 10-11 | 11-12 | 12-13 |
| English-Language Arts | 51 | 62 | 59 | 47 | 49 | 46 | 54 | 56 | 55 |
| Math | 46 | 56 | 57 | 54 | 53 | 52 | 50 | 51 | 50 |
| Science | 73 | 73 | 77 | 57 | 60 | 59 | 57 | 60 | 59 |
| History | 31 | 42 | 50 | 39 | 46 | 54 | 48 | 49 | 49 |

Only grades 5, 8, 9, 10, and 11 take the Science portion of this exam and only grades 8, 9, 10, and 11 take the History portion.

| STAR Results <br> Ethnic Subgroups <br> Percentage of Students Scoring at Proficient and Advanced Levels 2012-13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wilson JH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | African American | American Indian or Alaskan Native | Asian | Filipino | Hispanic or Latino | Hawaiian or Pacific Islander | White <br> (not <br> Hispanic) | Two or More Races |
| English-Language Arts |  |  |  |  | 58 |  | 85 |  |
| Math |  |  |  |  | 55 |  | 80 |  |
| Science |  |  |  |  | 76 |  | 92 |  |
| History |  |  |  |  | 49 |  | 69 |  |

In order to protect student confidentiality, no results are reported for any group of 10 or fewer students. In cases where a \% is not provided, no students were tested in the respective subgroup or subject area.

| STAR Results <br> Other Subgroups <br> Percentage of Students Scoring at Proficient and Advanced Levels 2012-13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wilson JH |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Male | Female | English Learners | Economically Disadvantaged | Students with Disabilities | Migrant Education |
| English-Language Arts | 55 | 63 | 25 | 53 | 51 | 50 |
| Math | 57 | 56 | 25 | 53 | 25 | 55 |
| Science | 79 | 76 | 41 | 74 |  | 76 |
| History | 53 | 47 | 10 | 44 | 9 | 31 |

In order to protect student confidentiality, no results are reported for any group of 10 or fewer students. In cases where a $\%$ is not provided, no students were tested in the respective subgroup or subject area.

## Physical Fitness

In the spring of each year, Wilson Junior High School is required by the state to administer a physical fitness test to all students in grade seven. The physical fitness test measures each student's ability to complete six fitness tasks in six major areas. Students that either meet or exceed the standards in all six fitness areas are considered to be physically fit or in the "healthy fitness zone." Comparative district and state results can be found at the CDE's Website www.cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/pf/.


| Academic Performance Index Three-Year Performance Comparison |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wilson JH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2010 |  |  | 2011 |  |  | 2012 |  |  |
| Statewide Rank | 4 |  |  | 4 |  |  | 7 |  |  |
| Similar Schools Rank | 5 |  |  | 5 |  |  | 9 |  |  |
|  | Wilson JH |  |  | Wilson JH |  | ECESD |  | State |  |
|  | Increase/Decrease in API |  |  | \# of Students | Growth | \# of Students | Growth | \# of Students | Growth |
|  | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2012-13 |  | 2012-13 |  | 2012-13 |  |
| All Students | 17 | 49 | 4 | 672 | 831 | 3,730 | 797 | 4,655,989 | 790 |
| Ethnic Subgroups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| African American |  |  |  | 10 |  | 48 | 781 | 296,463 | 708 |
| American Indian or Alaskan Native |  |  |  | 2 |  | 7 |  | 30,394 | 743 |
| Asian |  |  |  | 9 |  | 26 | 970 | 406,527 | 906 |
| Filipino |  |  |  | 2 |  | 3 |  | 121,054 | 867 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 20 | 43 | 8 | 622 | 826 | 3,469 | 793 | 2,438,951 | 744 |
| Hawaiian or Pacific Islander |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 25,351 | 774 |
| White (not Hispanic) |  |  |  | 20 | 924 | 152 | 871 | 1,200,127 | 853 |
| Two or More Races |  |  |  | 5 |  | 20 | 817 | - |  |
| Other Subgroups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 20 | 49 | 11 | 535 | 809 | 3,089 | 781 | 2,774,640 | 743 |
| English Learners | 27 | 15 | 1 | 295 | 760 | 2,081 | 751 | 1,482,316 | 721 |
| Students with Disabilities |  |  |  | 71 | 658 | 441 | 676 | 527,476 | 615 |

## Academic Performance Index

California uses the results of STAR testing to calculate the Academic Performance Index (API) which is used to measure school performance, set academic growth targets, and monitor progress over time. The API is a numeric index between 200-1000 that measures student performance in grades two through eleven. An API score of 800 is the state's designated performance target for all schools. Test results are weighted and a formula is applied to determine API.

Growth Targets: For schools with an API under 800, the state requires a gain of $5 \%$ of the difference between the school's actual API and 800. Growth Targets apply not only schoolwide, but to each numerically significant subgroup as well.

Schools/subgroups that have achieved an API of 800 or above must maintain their scores. Statewide Rank: All schools in California are categorized according to type (elementary, middle, high) and are placed on a scale of 1 to 10 , with 10 being the highest.

Similar Schools Rank: School performance is also compared to other similar schools in the state, based on demographic characteristics, and ranked 1 to 10 within a grouping of 100 schools.

## No Child Left Behind (NCLB)

The No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act is part of the Federal Title I funding program designed to support additional staffing and programs to meet the needs of low-income, low achieving students, and other designated students with special needs. Schools may apply, based
upon their student demographics, for one of two types of Title I funding: Title I Schoolwide or Title I Targeted Assistance. Title I Schoolwide schools use federal funds for schoolwide improvement of student achievement. Title I Targeted Assistance schools use federal funds to help those students who meet specific program criteria. In 2012-13, Wilson Junior High qualified for Schoolwide Title I funding and is subject to comply with Title I program participation requirements.

| Title I PI Status |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |

Any school receiving Title I funds is required to comply with respective program testing and reporting activities, achieve specific levels of student proficiency, and monitor school progress towards meeting established goals. California Adequate Yearly Progress calculations determine whether a Title I school has met performance goals. Schools not meeting specific AYP criteria enter Program Improvement, a monitoring system and curriculum enhancement program designed to help schools to increase student proficiency levels. More information about Title I and Program Improvement can be located on the CDE's website www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ti/.

## Professional Staff

## Counseling \& Support Staff

Wilson Junior High School provides professional, highly qualified staff who provide additional services and support centered on the whole student academically, physically, and mentally. The Counseling and Support Services table in this report illustrates the availability of non-instructional support staff to Wilson Junior High School's students.

| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Counselors and Support Personnel } \\ \text { (Nonteaching Professional Staff) }\end{array}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $2012-13$ |  |$)$

FTE = Full-Time Equivalent

* $=$ As Needed

Full-time equivalent (FTE) is a standard measurement used to identify an employee's regular work load on a weekly basis. For example, an FTE of 1.0 designates a full-time position and the employee is on campus and available all day every day of the week; an FTE of 0.5 indicates that the staff member is available and on campus a portion (50\%) of the week.

## Teacher Assignment

During the 2012-13 school year, Wilson Junior High School had 30 teachers who met all credential requirements in accordance with state guidelines. The Federal No Child Left Behind Act requires that all teachers in core subject areas meet certain requirements in order to be considered as "NCLB Compliant." Minimum qualifications include: possession of a bachelor's degree, possession of an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated competence in core academic subjects.

| Teacher Credentials and Assignments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wilson JH |  |  |  | ECESD |  |  |  |
|  | 10-11 | 11-12 | 12-13 | 13-14 | 10-11 | 11-12 | 12-13 | 13-14 |
| Total Teachers | 32 | 34 | 30 |  | 244 | 224 | 190 |  |
| Teachers with Full Credential | 32 | 34 | 30 |  | 242 | 224 | 189 |  |
| Teachers without Full Credential | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 2 | 0 | 1 |  |
| Teachers Teaching Outside Subject Area | 1 | 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |
| Teacher Misassignments for English Learners | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total Teacher Misassignments | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Teacher Vacancies | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

In the table in this report, which identifies the number of classrooms taught and not taught by NCLB-compliant teachers, high poverty schools are those schools in the highest quartile for student participation defined by the free and reduced price meal program. Low poverty schools are those schools that are in the lowest quartile of program participation.

## Facilities \& Safety

The district takes great efforts to ensure that all schools are clean, safe, and functional through proper facilities maintenance and campus supervision. Wilson Junior High School's original facilities were built in 1964, and ongoing maintenance and campus improvements ensure facilities remain up to date and provide adequate space for students and staff. District maintenance and site custodial staff ensure that the repairs necessary to keep the school in good condition are completed in a timely manner. A work order process is used by school and district staff to communicate non-routine maintenance requests. Emergency repairs are given the highest priority. In the past 12 months the following campus improvements have been completed:

- Installation of new carpet in some classrooms
- Painting of the exterior of buildings
- Installation of new locks on all doors
- Landscaping throughout campus
- Installation of a new HVAC system

Every morning before school begins, the lead custodian inspects facilities for safety hazards or conditions that need attention prior to students and staff entering school grounds. Three day custodians and one evening custodian are assigned to Wilson Junior High School. The day custodian is responsible for:

- Cafeteria setup/cleanup
- Classroom cleaning
- General grounds maintenance
- Restroom cleaning
- Trash removal

| Campus Description |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Year Built | 1969 |
| \# of Permanent Classrooms | Quantity |
| \# of Restrooms (student use) | 16 |
| Cafeteria | 3 |
| Computer Lab/Classroom | 1 |
| Crib Room | 1 |
| Gym | 1 |
| Infant Playground | 1 |
| Minor Parent Room | 1 |
| Outdoor Covered Patio | 1 |
| Staff Lounge/Teacher Work Room | 1 |
| Weight Room | 1 |

Restrooms are checked regularly throughout the day for cleanliness and subsequently cleaned as needed. The evening custodian is responsible for:

- Classroom cleaning
- Cafeteria cleaning
- Office area cleaning
- Restroom cleaning

The principal communicates with custodial staff weekly concerning maintenance and school safety issues.

## Campus Supervision

School administration and teaching staff place a high priority on providing adequate adult supervision on campus before, during, and after school. As students arrive on campus each morning, the principal, assistant principals and pupil supervisors are strategically assigned to designated entrance areas and school grounds. The principal, assistant principals, and pupil supervisors monitor lunch time activity in the cafeteria and on the playground. At the end of the day when students are dismissed, the principal, assistant principals, and pupil supervisors monitor student behavior to ensure a safe and orderly departure.

Wilson Junior High is a closed campus. During school hours, all visitors must sign in at the school's office and wear identification badges while on school grounds.

## School Site Safety Plan

The Comprehensive School Site Safety Plan was developed for Wilson Junior High in collaboration with local agencies and the district office to fulfill Senate Bill 187 requirements. Components of this plan include child abuse reporting procedures, teacher notification of dangerous pupil procedures, disaster response procedures, procedures for safe arrival and departure from school, sexual harassment policy, and dress code policy. The school's safety plan is reviewed, updated and discussed with school staff on an annual basis.

## Deferred Maintenance

Wilson Junior High School participates in the State School Deferred Maintenance Program, which provides dollar-for-dollar matching funds to assist school districts with major repairs or replacement of existing school building components. Deferred maintenance projects generally include roofing, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical systems, interior/exterior painting, and floor systems. During the 2012-13 school year, El Centro Elementary School District did not receive deferred maintenance funds from the State School Deferred Maintenance Program.

## Facilities Inspection

The district's maintenance department inspects Wilson Junior High on an annual basis in accordance with Education Code §17592.72(c)(1). Wilson Junior High uses a school site inspection survey to identify unsafe or hazardous conditions and facility improvement needs. The most recent school inspection took place on September 10, 2013. Deficiencies noted in the school inspection survey were corrected immediately by the district's maintenance department. During fiscal year 2012-13, all restrooms were fully functional and available for student use.

| School Facility Good Repair Status |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item Inspected | Repair Status |  |  |  |
| Inspection Date: September 10, 2013 | 운  <br> 흔 Repair Needed and <br> Action Taken or Planned  |  |  |  |
| Systems | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Interior Surfaces | Building "A" Office, Rooms 1-3-Stained ceiling tiles; Building "B" Rooms 4-10-Room 10 has stained ceiling tiles; Building "C" Library/Rooms 11-19 - Library carpet is torn; Building "E" Rooms 20-23-Room 23 has stained ceiling tiles |  |  |  |
| Cleanliness | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Electrical | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Restrooms/Fountains | Building "C" Library/Rooms 11-19-Boy's restroom last stall is leaking and faucet is loose, girl's restroom handicap stall is not working; Building "J" Rooms 35-40-Boy's restroom has loose faucet |  |  |  |
| Safety | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| Structural | $\checkmark$ |  |  |  |
| External | $\checkmark$ Building "F" Rooms 29-30-Room 26 concrete is chipped in front of the room |  |  |  |
| Overall Summary of School Facility Good Repair Status |  |  |  |  |
|  | Exemplary | Good | Fair | Poor |
| Overall Summary |  | $\checkmark$ |  |  |

Percentage Description Rating:
Good: The school is maintained in good repair with a number of non-critical deficiencies noted. These deficiencies are isolated, and/or resulting from minor wear and tear, and/or in the process of being mitigated.

## SARC Data \& Internet Access

## DataQuest

DataQuest is an online data tool location at http://dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/ that contains additional information about Wilson Junior High School and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. DataQuest provides reports for school accountability, including but not limited to API, AYP, STAR results, enrollment, and staffing.

## Public Internet Access Location

Parents may access Wilson Junior High School's SARC and access the internet at any of the county's public libraries. The closest public library to Wilson Junior High School is the El Centro Public Library.

El Centro Public Library
539 W. State Street, El Centro
Phone Number: (760) 337-4565
Website: www.cityofelcentro.org/library
Hours:
Mon-Thurs 9am-6pm
Fri 9am-5pm
Sat \& Sun, Closed
Number of Computers Available: 5

## District Expenditures

Salary \& Budget Comparison
State law requires comparative salary and budget information to be reported to the general public. For comparison purposes, the State Department of Education has provided average salary data from school districts having similar average daily attendance throughout the state. (Note: 2011-12 salary comparison data was the most recent data available at the time this report was published.)

| Salary Comparison2011-12 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ECESD | State <br> Average of Districts in Same Category |
| Beginning Teacher Salary | 39,753 | 41,327 |
| Mid-Range Teacher Salary | 66,989 | 63,903 |
| Highest Teacher Salary | 84,218 | 81,573 |
| Average Principal Salaries: |  |  |
| Elementary School | 102,375 | 103,887 |
| Middle School | 107,362 | 107,439 |
| Superintendent Salary | 152,262 | 155,551 |
| Percentage of Budget For: |  |  |
| Teacher Salaries | 41 | 41 |
| Administrative Salaries | 6 | 6 |

## Expenditures Per Student

For the 2011-12 school year, El Centro Elementary School District spent an average of $\$ 7,647$ of total general funds to educate each student (based on 2011-12 audited financial statements and in accordance with calculations defined in Education Code §41372). The table in this report 1) compares the school's per pupil expenditures from unrestricted (basic) and restricted (supplemental) sources with other schools in the District and throughout the state, and 2) compares the average teacher salary at the school site with average teacher salaries at the district and state levels. Detailed information regarding salaries can be found at the CDE website at www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/ and www. cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/. (The figures shown in the table below reflect the direct cost of educational services, per ADA, excluding food services, facilities acquisition and construction, and certain other expenditures.)


In addition to general fund state funding, El Centro Elementary School District receives state and federal categorical funding for special programs. For the 2011-12 school year, the District received categorical, special education, and support programs funds for:

- After School Learning \& Safe Neighborhood Partnerships
- Class Size Reduction (Grades K-3)
- Early Mental Health Initiative
- Education Jobs Fund
- Economic Impact Aid (EIA)
- Lottery: Instructional Materials
- Medi-Cal Billing
- Ongoing \& Major Maintenance Accounts
- Other Local: Locally Defined
- Special Education
- State Lottery
- Title I, II, III
- Transportation
- Transportation: Special Education


## Disclosure

The statistical information disclosed in this report is obtained from the California Department of Education and the El Centro Elementary School District. At the time of publication, this report met all SARC-related state and federal requirements, using the most current data available. Data to prepare the instructional materials and school facilities sections were acquired in December 2013.


[^0]:    - Reading Intervention
    - Student Engagement
    - Data Analysis
    - English Language Arts Program Resources
    - SPARKS Training
    - Unit 1 Planning
    - Common Core State Standards
    - English Language Arts Grade Level
    - Frontloading Science
    - Non-Violent Crisis Prevention Intervention
    - School Business

